Contents

Preface					
Abbreviations					
1	Concepts and foundations				
	1.1		dations		
		1.1.1	Religion	2	
		1.1.2	m1 .1	2	
		1.1.3	A .	4	
	1.2	Basic	concepts: dignity and equality	5 7	
	1.3		s and duty holders	13	
2	Historical overview			15	
	2.1	Legal	texts and traditions	16	
	2.2			19	
		2.2.1	Diplomatic protection	19	
		2.2.2	Religious liberty	20	
		2.2.3	Abolition of the slave trade and slavery	21	
		2.2.4	Humanitarian laws of war	23	
	2.3	Early twentieth century precedents		25	
		2.3.1		26	
		2.3.2	The minorities treaties and the League of		
			Nations	28	
		2.3.3	Civil and political rights for women	30	
	2.4	The p	ost-war human rights revolution	31	
		2.4.1	The United Nations Charter and early	J	
			actions	31	
		2.4.2	Regional organizations	34	
3	International institutions			44	
	3.1 The United Nations			45	
		3.1.1	The main UN organs	45	
		3.1.2	The Human Rights Council	47	
		3.1.3	Other subsidiary UN Charter-based bodies	40	

			UN treaty bodies	51
	3.2			
	3.3	3.3 Regional bodies		61
			Europe	61
			The Americas	65
		3.3.3	Africa	66
		3.3.4	The Arab League ASEAN	68
				70
	3.4	Asses	sing the institutions	71
4	The law of human rights			
	4.1		es of human rights law	74
		4.1.1	Treaties	74
		4.1.2	Custom	76
		4.1.3	General principles of law	77
	4.2		cal commitments	80
	4.3	Peren	nptory norms (jus cogens), obligations	
			omnes and international crimes	84
	4.4	771		89
		4.4.1	UN standard-setting	89
		4.4.2	Regional systems	98
	4.5	Universality and regional diversity		103
	4.6	The ir	nterpretation of human rights instruments	106
		4.6.1	Treaty provisions on interpretation	106
		4.6.2	The Vienna Convention on the Law of	
			Treaties	107
		4.6.3	Jurisprudence and doctrines of human	
			rights bodies	110
	4.7	Regin	ne conflict and normative hierarchy	118
5	The	riahts a	guaranteed	121
-	5.1	-	ghts in the UDHR and other general	,
	3.1		-	122
	5 2	instruments 5.2 An overarching norm: equality and non-		122
	3.2	5.2 An overarching norm: equality and non- discrimination		127
		5.2.1	Textual references	128
		5.2.2	Jurisprudence	134
	5.3	-	risprudence of selected rights	142
	2.3			
		5.3.1		142
		5.3.2	Prohibition of torture and cruel,	149
		5.3.3		1
			inhuman or degrading punishment	155

		5.3.4	Freedom of thought, conscience and religion	150	
			Freedom of expression	158 163	
		5.3.5	Economic, social and cultural rights		
				170	
		5.3.7	rights and linkages	179	
	5.4	newi	ights and mikages	186	
6	Obligations			190	
	6.1	State obligations in human rights instruments			
	6.2	The territorial and temporal scope of human rights			
		obligations			
	6.3	Limitations and derogations			
	6.4	Non-S	State actors	202	
		•	Individuals	204	
			Business entities	208	
		6.4.3	International organizations	215	
7	Corr	pliance	e and monitoring mechanisms	220	
	7.1	-	tes and recommendations	221	
	7.2	Thematic and country studies			
	7.3	Heari	ngs and on-site visits	224 226	
	7.4	Perio	dic State reporting	227	
	7.5	Comp	plaints	231	
	7.6	Preca	utionary measures and urgent actions	235	
8	Complaint procedures				
	8.1		nal jurisdiction	239	
	8.2		ct matter jurisdiction	242	
	8.3	,	ooral jurisdiction	246	
	8.4		ssing and admissibility	247	
	8.5		dly settlements	251	
	8.6	Merit	s determinations	252	
	8.7	Redre	ess	258	
	8.8	Inqui	ry procedures and pilot judgments	261	
	8.9	Follov		262	
9	Enforcement			265	
	9.1		ensions and exclusions	266	
	9.2				
	9.3		e and financial sanctions	269 273	
	9.4		f force	278	

viii ADVANCED INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

10	Stock-taking	282
	10.1 Backlash	284
	10.2 Backlog	290
	10.3 Conclusion	293
Bib	pliography	297
Ind	lex	303